Planetary Volatiles Extractor (PVEX) for In Situ Resource Utilization (ISRU) and Delivering Volatiles to GCMS

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2 Steps in ISRU Process



1. Prospecting:

- Determine "water reserves"
- Reserves raw material <u>in-situ</u> that is feasible to extract and processed with proposed mining approach.
- Prospecting needs to answer:
 - How much
 - Where
 - How to extract etc.

2. Production:

 Extraction and processing (if needed) of the raw material to form final product (in our case it's water)







Two considerations...

It is not just water

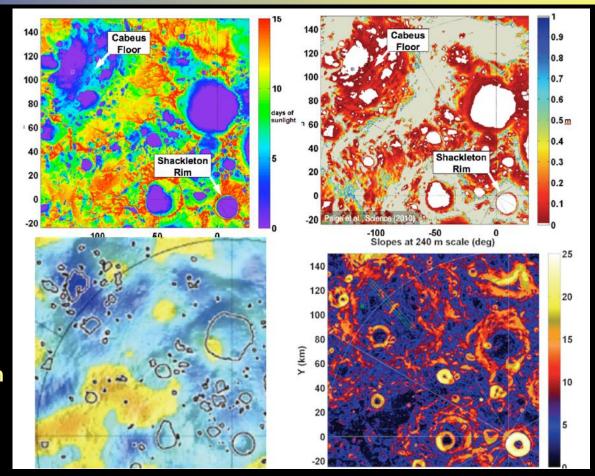
Abundances of volatile compounds in the ejecta plume of LCROSS impact (Colaprete, 2010)

Compound	Molecules cm ⁻²	% Relative to H ₂ O(g)*		
H ₂ O	5.1(1.4)E19	100.00%		
H ₂ S	8.5(0.9)E18	16.75%		
NH ₃	3.1(1.5)E18	6.03%		
SO ₂	1.6(0.4)E18	3.19%		
C ₂ H ₄	1.6(1.7)E18	3.12%		
CO2	1.1(1.0)E18	2.17%		
CH ₃ OH	7.8(42)E17	1.55%		
CH ₄	3.3(3.0)E17	0.65%		
ОН	1.7(0.4)E16	0.03%		

Recommendation:

Need Mass Spectrometer to accurately determine all volatile species.

Net days of sunlight



Depth to stable ice

LRO LEND neutron data

LOLA DTM slope data

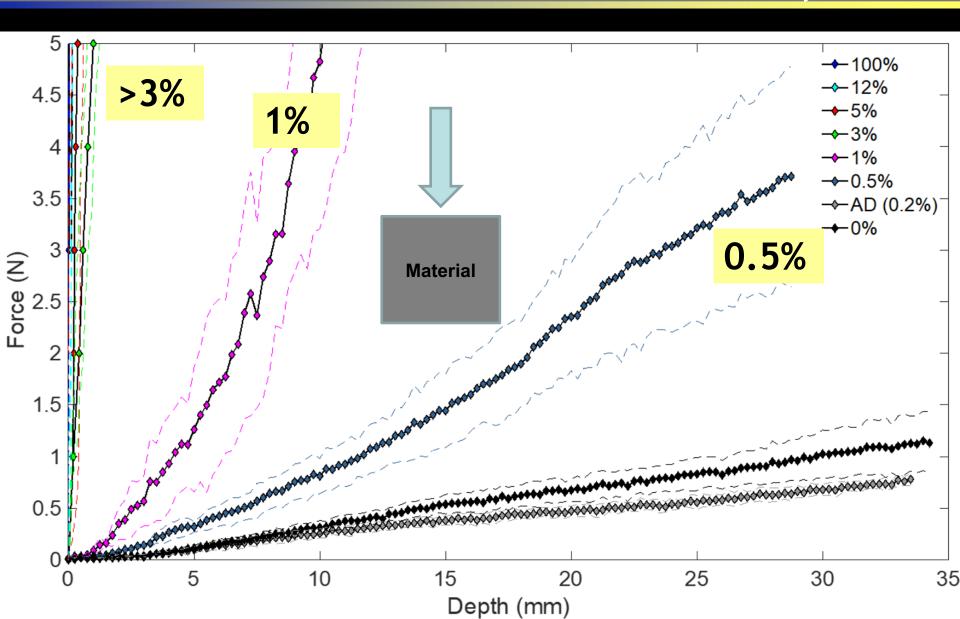
Recommendation:

- Need more than one data point (rover, several landers)
- Need Neutron Spectrometer and Near-IR Spectrometer
- Need excavation system to delivery samples



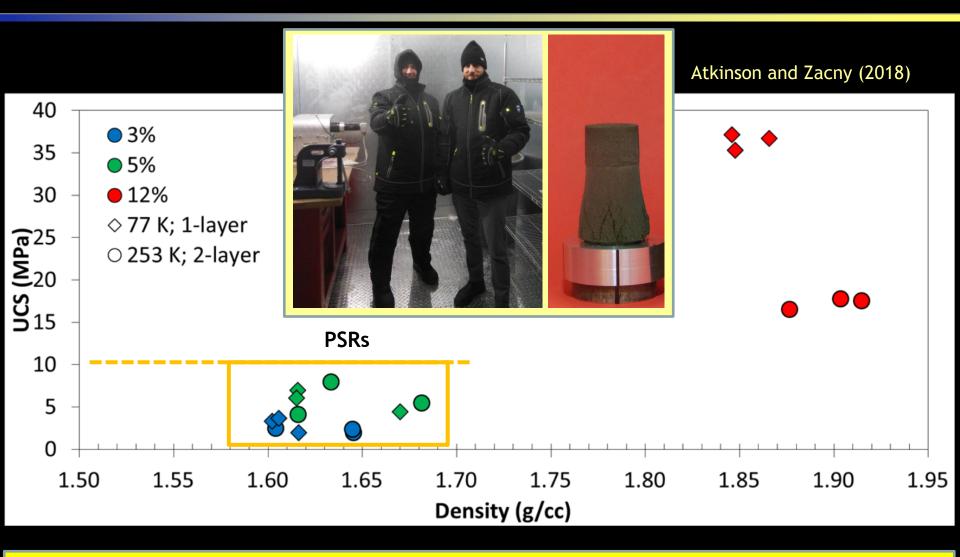
Concern #1: Excavation of Icy Soil

Courtesy Jared Atkinson



Strength of icy-soil, >3 wt%





Recommendation:

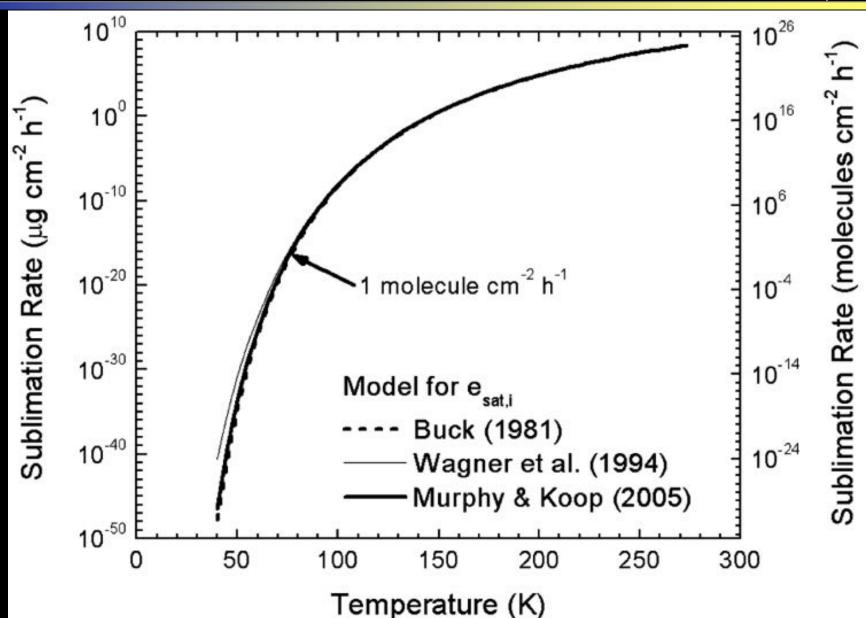
Need Percussive drill



Concern #2: Volatiles capture

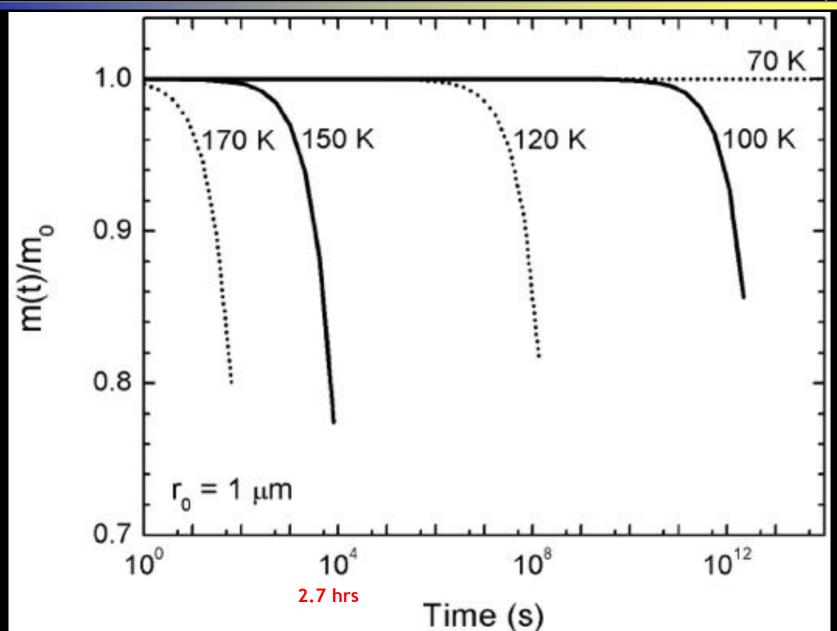
Sublimation rate





Sublimation rate for 1 micron ice particle

Andreas, 2006

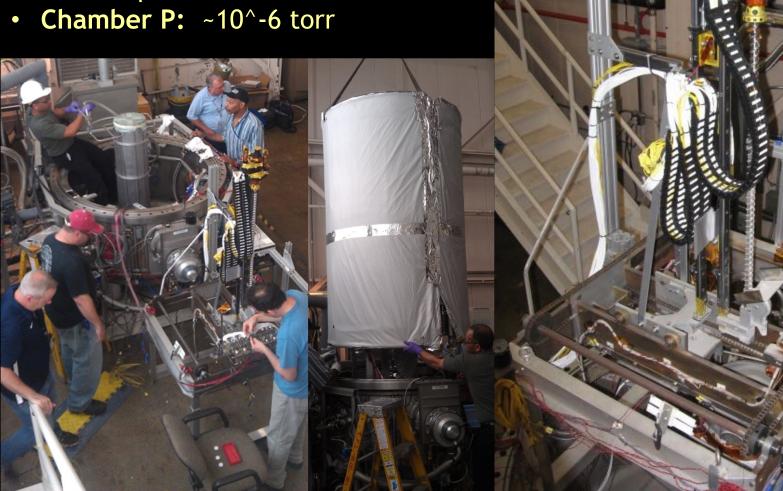


Tests at Lunar conditions (NASA GRC)



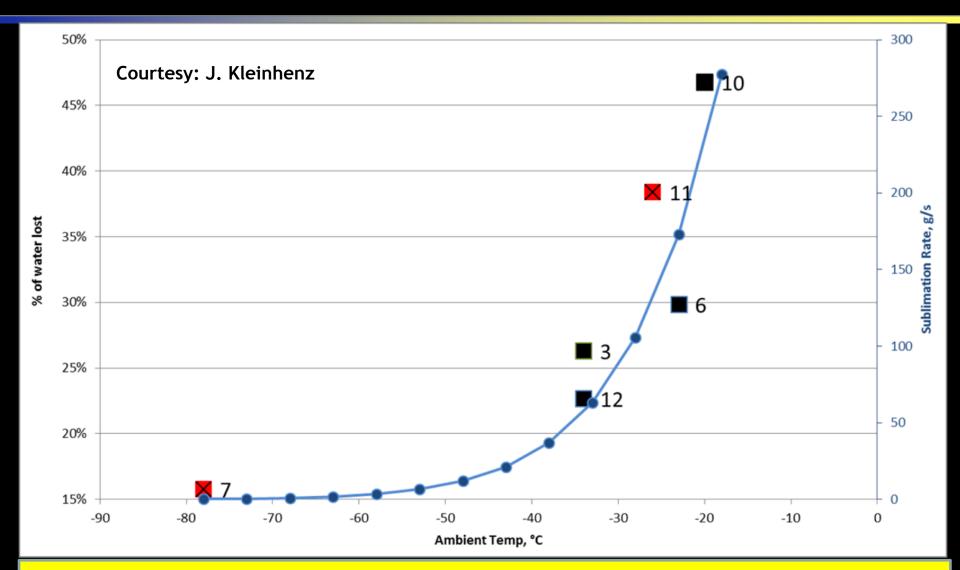
• Soil:

- NU-LHT-3M with 5 water wt%
- Vib. compacted to ~1.5 g/cc
- Temp: -140 C to 90 C



Drill Test Results





Recommendation:

Need fast sampler delivery system or volatiles delivery system

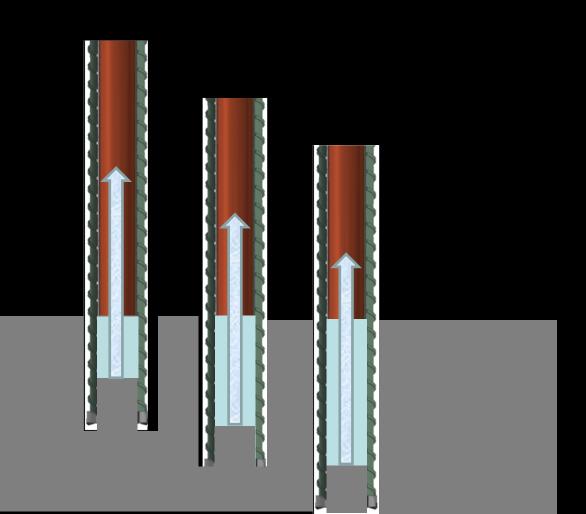


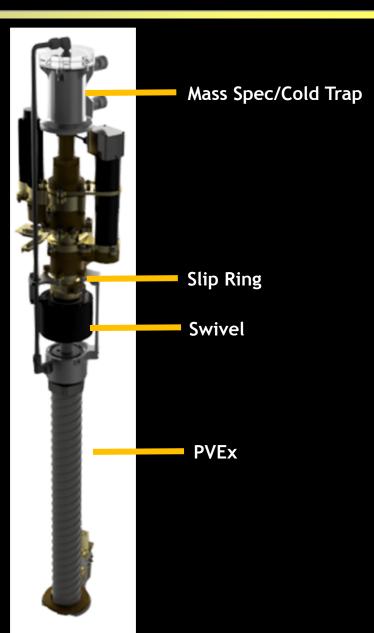
Solution: PVEx

Planetary Volatiles Extractor (PVEx)



- Hammer drill can cut strong material
- Coring auger captures regolith
- Swivel/slipring heats up and delivers volatiles





Drilling tests



Material		Ice, -20C	Texas LS	Indiana LS		NU-LHT-2M, 5 wt%, -20C	
Drill		LITA			TRIDE	NT	
Strength	MPa	5	23	45	45	5	
Rate of Penetration	cm/min	5.7	5	1.8	1.9	5.8	
Power (electrical)	W	246	242	142	141	180	

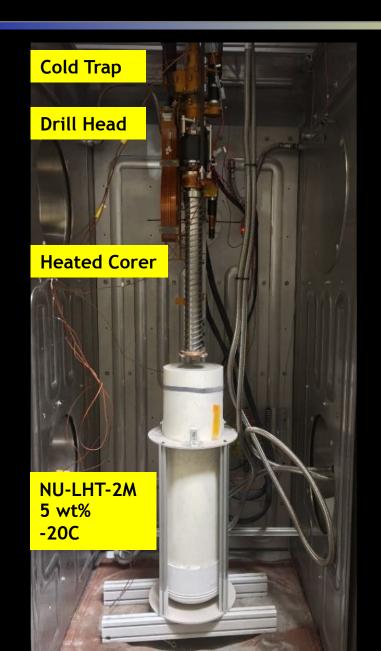






Tests in 5 wt% NU-LHT-2M, -20C

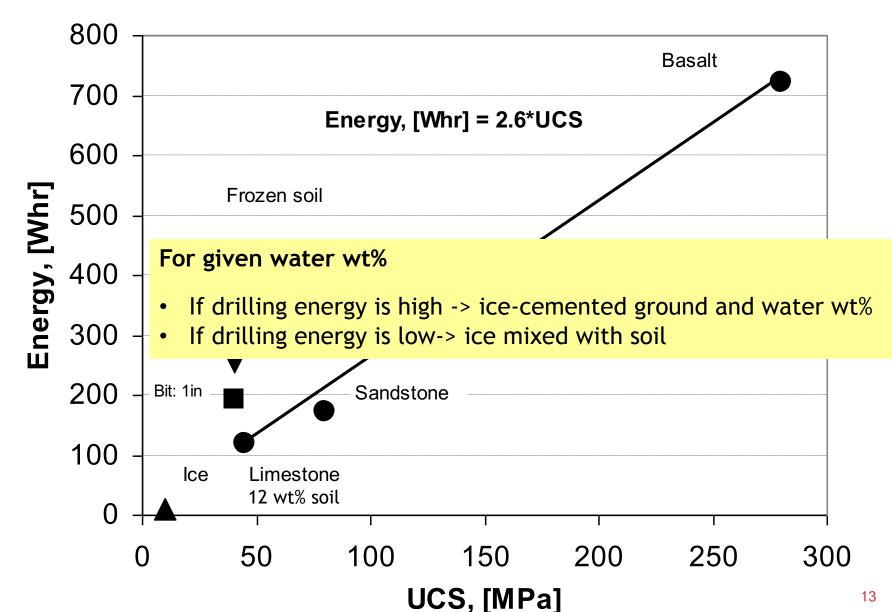






Drill data can provide wt% and form of water-soil





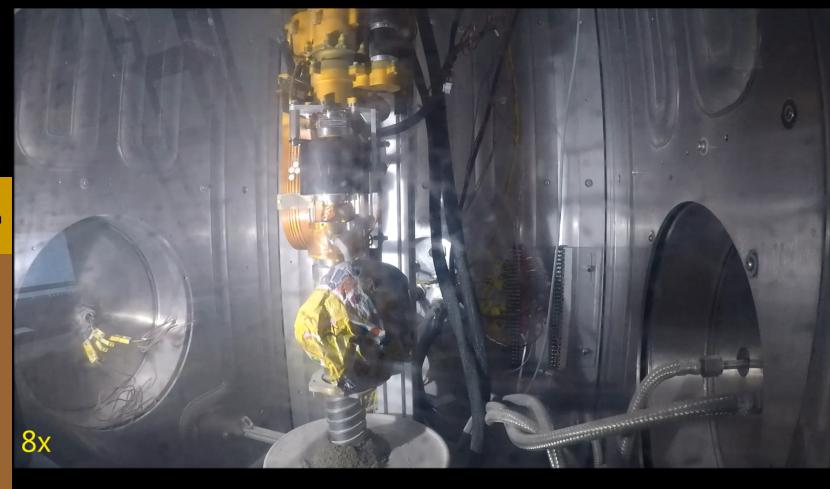
Volatile Delivery to MS (Prospecting)



PVEx

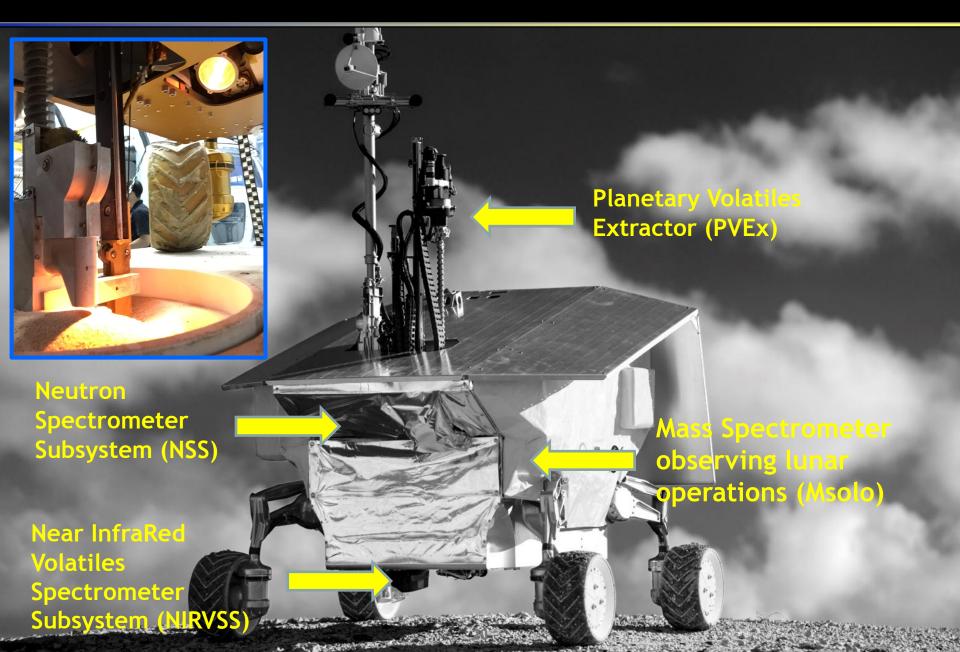
10cm Dry

5% Water by Wt. NU-LHT-2M



PVEx on Prospecting Rover





PVEx on CLPS Lander





Astrobotic

Volatile Collection (ISRU)

deltaPressure: 0.1 to 0.3 Pa

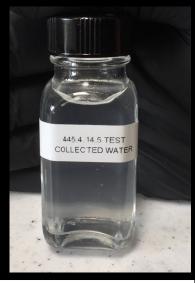




Summary of End-to-End Tests



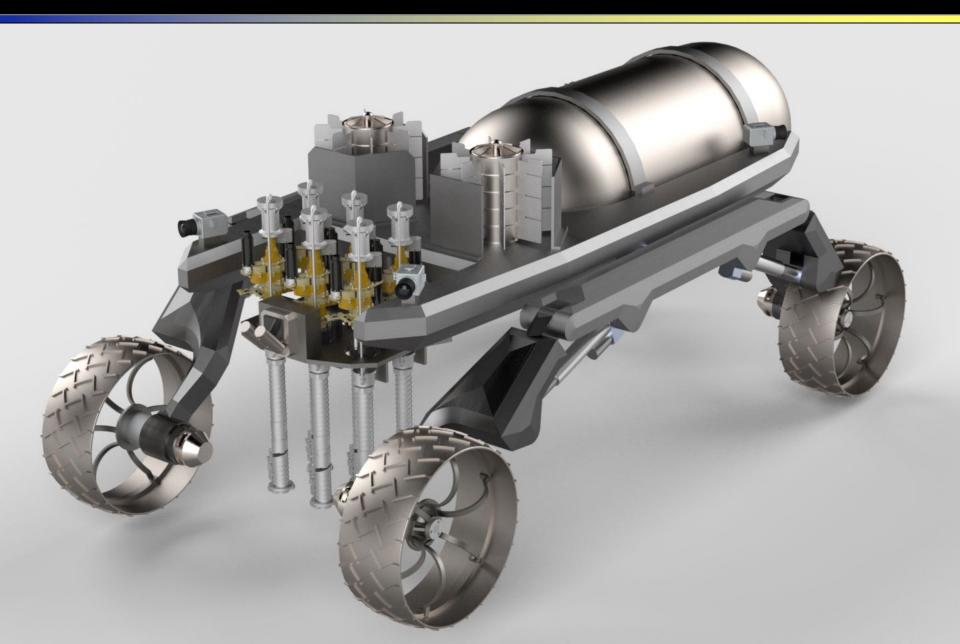
- NU-LHT-2M
- 1.6 g/cc
- -20C
- 1.5 g/cc
- Chamber pressure: 6 torr



Water Sat	Drilling		Water Extraction				
Wt%	ROP	Power (Elec.)	Water extracted		Heating		
%	mm/s	W	g	%	W	min	Eff (%)
5	1.24	89	4.0	6.8	100	90	4.0
5	0.98	-	5.1	7.4	100	120	3.8
6	0.86	108	30	43	50	720	7.5
4	1.76	84	15.4	56	100	90	15
5	1.74	70	15.1	44	120	60	19

PVEx Miner





Conclusions





delivery



Thank you!



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